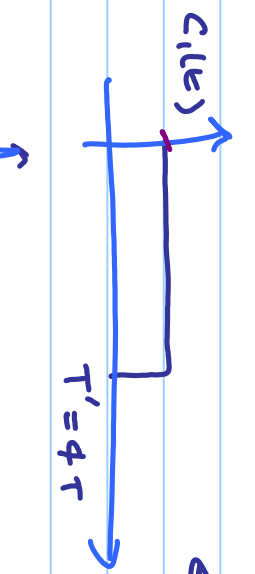


→ Soft capacity of DS-SSMA
 → Poise Rise and Coverage in DS-SSMA

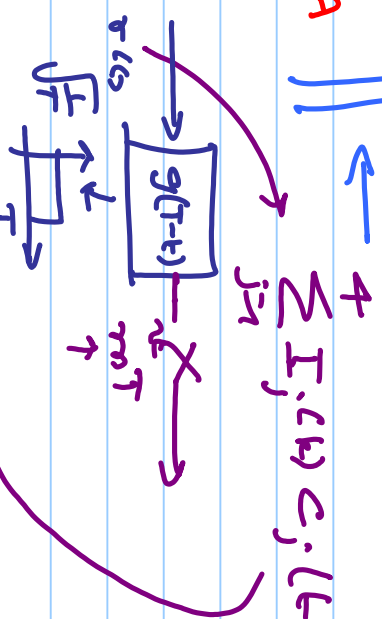


$$\vec{c}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \vec{c}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

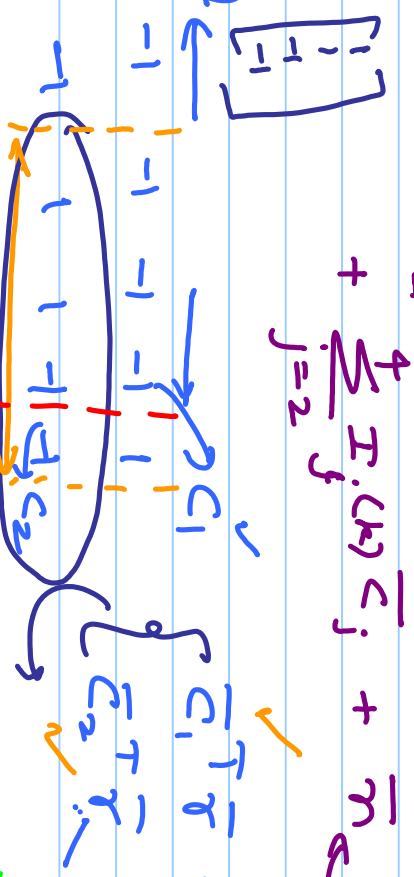
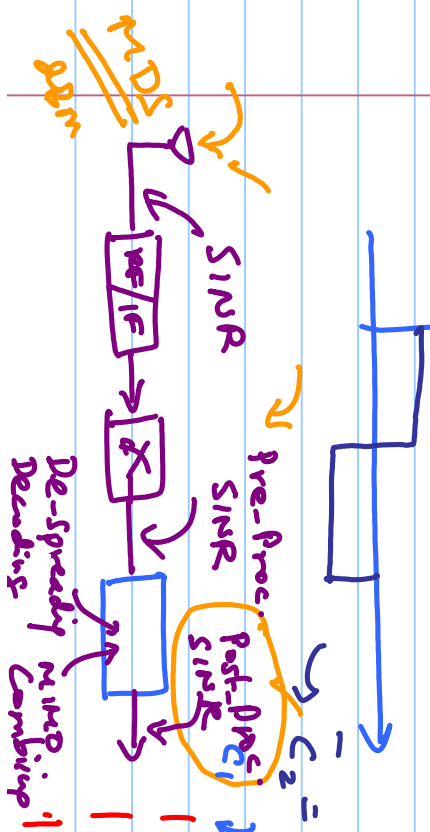
$$\vec{r}(k) = \mathbf{I}_2(k) \vec{c}_1$$

$$+ \sum_{j=2}^4 \mathbf{I}_j(k) \vec{c}_j + \vec{n}$$

$\leftarrow 4 \times 1$



$$\sum_{j=1}^4 \mathbf{I}_j(k) \vec{c}_j(t) + n(t)$$



$$\vec{c}_1^T \vec{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 4 \mathbf{I}_1(k) + \vec{n}$$

$\leftarrow 4 \times 1$

$\vec{c}_1, \vec{c}_2, \vec{c}_3, \dots, \vec{c}_N$

"T" (T_c)

\bar{c}_i

$W \times 1$

$\Rightarrow \rightarrow T' = WT$

$\rightarrow T = WT_c$

$W \rightarrow$ Spreading

SINR

(*) Orthogonal Codes

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_j = 0$

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_i = W$

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_j \neq 0 = E_{ij}$

$|E_{ij}| \rightarrow W?$

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_i = W$

(*) Pseudo-Orthogonal Codes

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_j = E_{ij}$

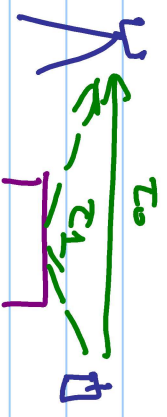
$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_i = W$

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_j = E_{ij}$

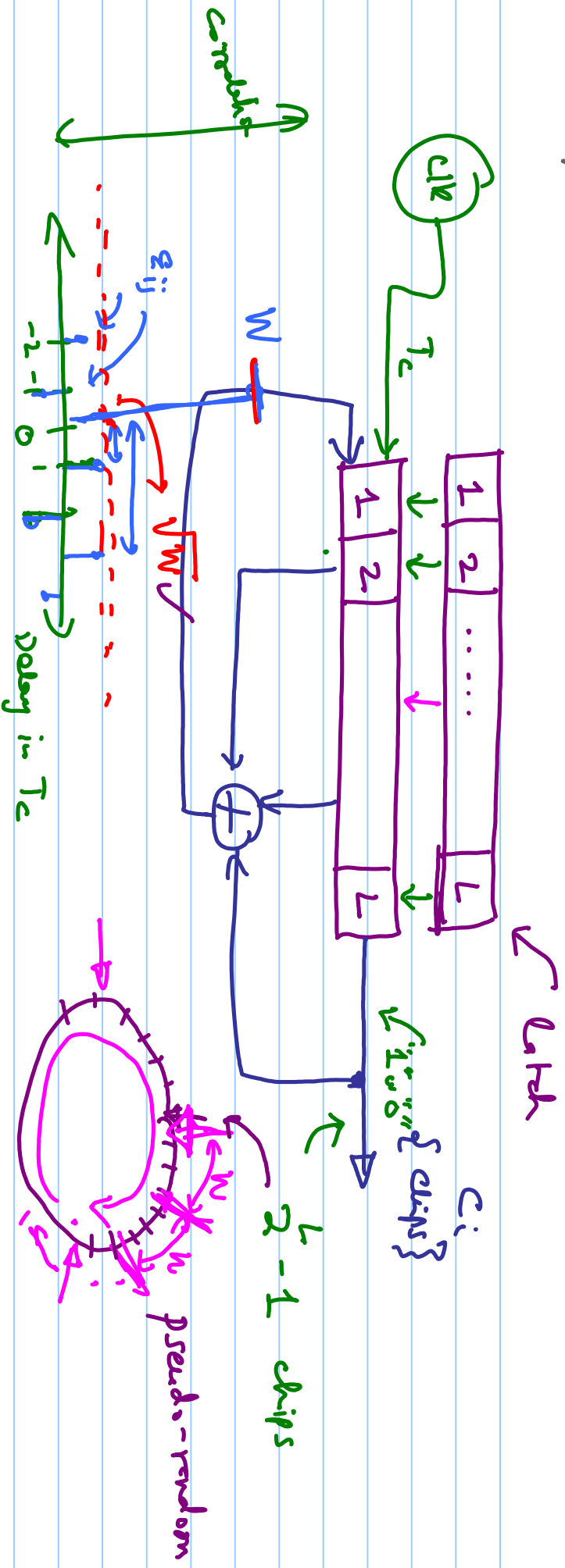
$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_i = W$

$\bar{c}_i^T \bar{c}_j = E_{ij}?$

$r(t) = \alpha_0 s(t-t_0) + \alpha_1 s(t-t_1)$



n^m -sequence \rightarrow LFSR

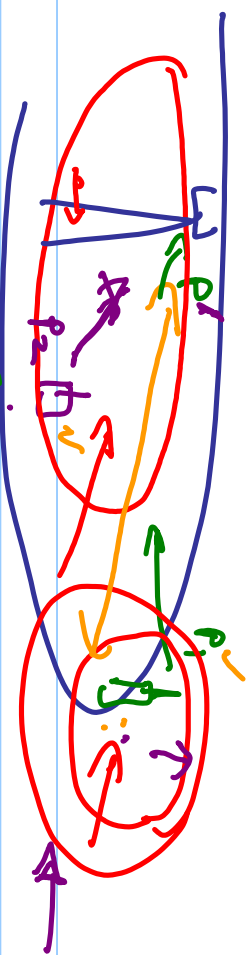


$$C_1^T \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}; \quad C_1 \rightarrow W \times 1$$

\downarrow Bernoulli r.v. $1 \text{ or } -1$ $p(1) = p(-1) = \frac{1}{2}$

Noise Rise on the Uplink

Time "0" → first user arrives.



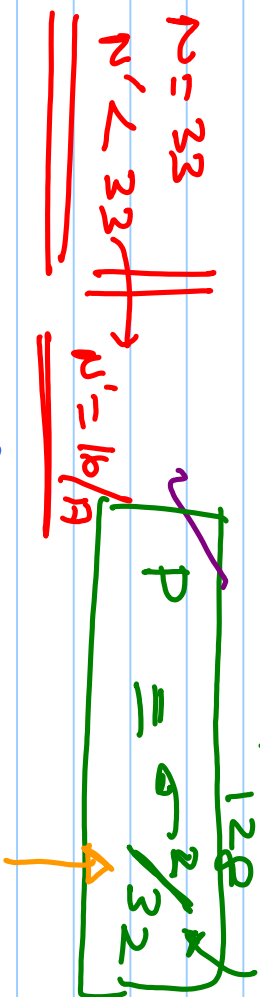
(*) SNR = 6 dB ⇒ $A = \frac{4\sigma^2}{\sigma^2} = 4$

(*) 2nd user added on UL

$$A = \frac{W P}{P + \sigma^2} \Rightarrow 4P + 4\sigma^2 = 128P$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\sigma^2 = 124P$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{\sigma^2}{31}$$

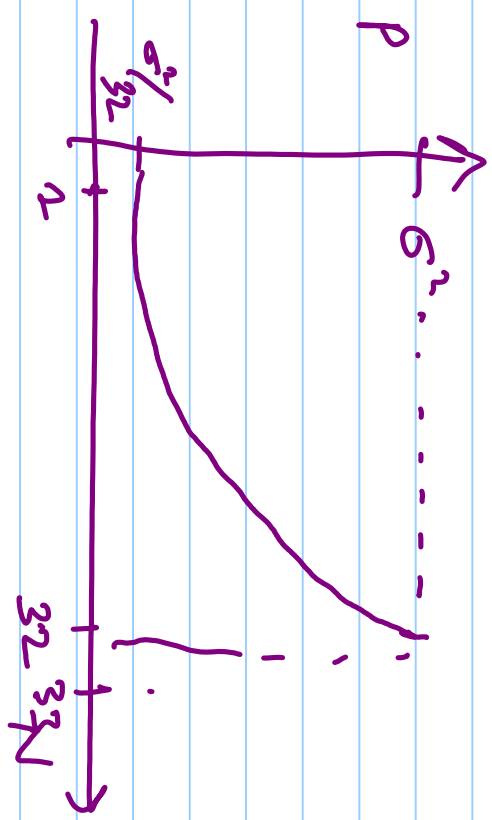


$$-4 = \frac{128 \sqrt{p}}{(n-1)p + \sigma^2}$$

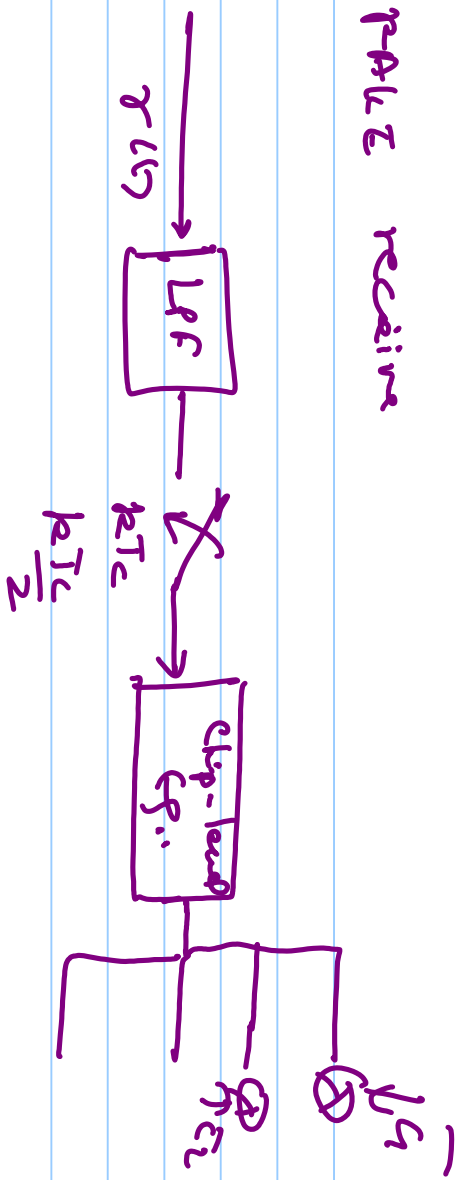
$$\Rightarrow n = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow 124p + 4\sigma^2 = 128p$$

$$\Rightarrow 4p = 4\sigma^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{p = \sigma^2}$$



PALE receive



user #1 $\rightarrow \bar{c}_1 \leftarrow w_{x1}$

$$\bar{c}_1^T \bar{r}_{w_{x1}} = I_1 \bar{c}_1 + I_2 \bar{c}_2 + \bar{n} \rightarrow N(0, \sigma^2) \text{ noise } \frac{1}{T_c}$$

$$= I_1 \cdot W + I_2 \bar{c}_1^T \bar{c}_2 + \bar{c}_1^T \bar{n}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \\ & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} W \\ W^2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^W c_{1,i} c_{2,i} + \sum_{i=1}^W c_{1,i} n_i$$

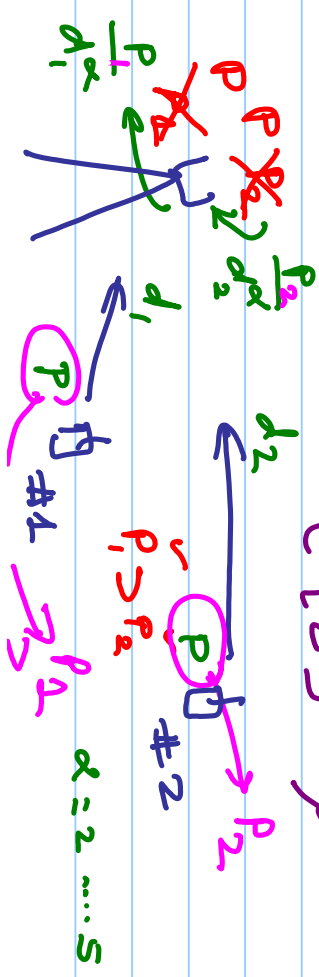
$\text{var}(\cdot) = W$

$$E[z] = 0 \quad 1$$

$$E[z^2] = E[c_i^2] = n_i^2$$

$$\text{SINR} = \frac{\sigma_1^2 \cdot W}{\sigma_2^2 \cdot W + W \cdot \sigma^2}$$

$$\text{SINR} = \frac{\sigma_1^2 W^2}{\sigma_2^2 W + W \sigma^2} < 1$$



"Perfect" uplink power control

$$P W^2$$

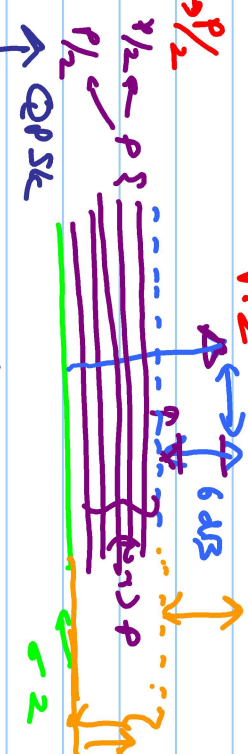
2 user case $SINR = \frac{P W^2}{P W + W \sigma^2} = \frac{P W}{P + \sigma^2}$

N user case

$$SINR = \frac{P W}{(N-1) \cdot P + \sigma^2} = \frac{P W}{N P + \sigma^2}$$

Annotations: \sqrt{P} , \sqrt{W} , $\sqrt{2W}$, \sqrt{N}

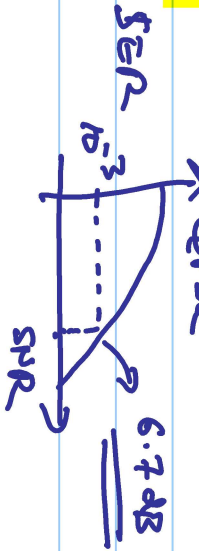
"P" and $P/2 \leftarrow P/2$



Example $W = 128$; $N = 128$

$SINR = 6 \text{ dB} \rightarrow 4$

\rightarrow PN codes $N = ?$



$$S_{\text{noise}} = 10 \text{ dB}$$

$$4 = \frac{P \cdot 128}{(N-1) \cdot P + \cancel{P^2}}$$

→ Peak Capacity

$$N-1 = \frac{128}{4} = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow N = 33$$

Noise Rise & Coverage

