Department of Electrical Engineering – IIT Madras EE4140 – Digital Communication Systems Tutorial 1

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- 1. Let *X* and *Y* be independent and identically distributed random variables with common density function *f* and cumulative distribution function *F*. Find the density and distribution functions of $U = \max(X, Y)$ and $V = \min(X, Y)$.
- 2. Let *X* be an $N(0, \sigma^2)$ random variable. The random variable *Y* is given by Y = g(X). Find the density function of *Y* for each of the following choices of the function *g*:

a.
$$g(x) = e^{x}$$

b. $g(x) = x^{2}$
c. $g(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$
d. $g(x) = |x|$
e. $g(x) = \begin{cases} -b, & x \le -b \\ b, & x \ge b \\ x, & |x| < b \end{cases}$

- 3. Let *X* and *Y* be independent random variables having the exponential distribution with parameters α and β respectively. Find the density function of *Z* = *X* + *Y*. (Note : The density function *f* of an exponentially distributed random variable with parameter λ is $f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$
- 4. Find the density function of Z = X + Y when X and Y have the joint density function $f(x, y) = 0.5(x + y)e^{-(x+y)}$; $x, y \ge 0$
- 5. Let *X* and *Y* be jointly Gaussian distributed random variables with zero means, unit variances and correlation ρ . Find the joint and marginal density functions of U = X + Y and V = X Y. (Hint : U and V are jointly Gaussian distributed as well)
- 6. Let *X* and *N* be independent Gaussian random vectors, having means μ_x , μ_y and covariances \sum_x, \sum_y respectively. Find the mean and covariance matrix of the random vector Z = HX + N, where H is a constant matrix of appropriate dimensions
- 7. X and Y are random variables following a bivariate normal distribution. Both X and Y have mean μ , variance σ^2 , and their correlation coefficient is ρ . Find the conditional mean E(Y|X = x) and the conditional variance var(Y|X = x)