

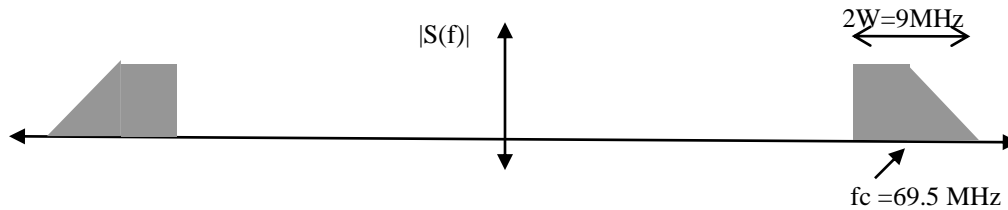
Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Madras
EE 4140: Digital Communication Systems

Aug. 2024

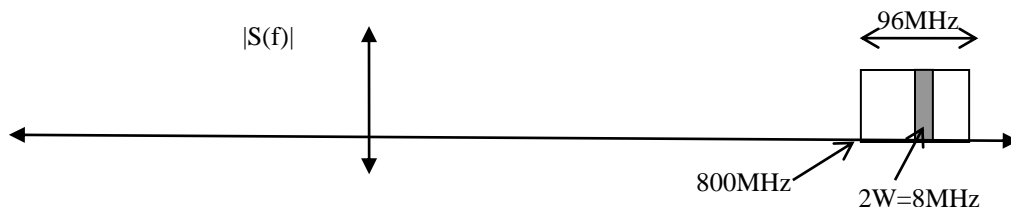
Tutorial #1

KG / IITM

1. A low-pass signal of one-sided bandwidth of $W=1.25\text{MHz}$ is sent as a DSB-SC signal. If the receiver uses an IF sampling scheme, with center frequency $f_{IF} = 71\text{MHz}$, determine the least sampling rate f_s required.
2. For the QCM signal with magnitude response as below, find the least possible band-pass sampling rate f_s . Make a rough plot of the frequency response of the sampled sequence around 0Hz. *Hint:* Use both the band-edges (i.e., f_c+W and f_c-W in order to decide the “lowest” sampling rate).

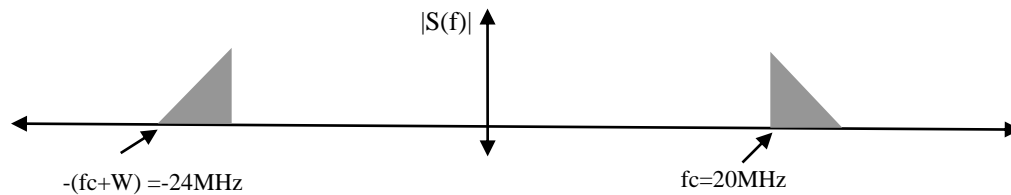


3. In the above problem, let us discuss two possible sources of error:
 - (a) Assume that the received signal has a phase offset of θ radians; in other words, $s(t) = m_1(t)\text{Cos}(2\pi f_c t + \theta) + m_2(t)\text{Sin}(2\pi f_c t + \theta)$. Now, what will be the time-domain representation of the sampled sequence? For the special case when $\theta = \pi/2$, what will be the samples of the received signal?
 - (b) Instead, assume $\theta = 0$ radians, but the incoming carrier frequency f_c' is offset by Δf Hz wrt to the sampling rate designed assuming f_c ; i.e., $f_c' = f_c + \Delta f$ and use this f_c' in place of f_c in the expression for $s(t)$ above. What is then the expression for the time-domain samples after the band-pass sampling ADC in terms of your sampling rate f_s and the Δf ? Say, for $\Delta f = 1\text{MHz}$, will some of I-Q samples at least be undistorted? Justify your answer.
4. A QCM signal $s(t) = m_1(t)\text{Cos}(2\pi f_c t) + m_2(t)\text{Sin}(2\pi f_c t)$ has the two message signals $m_1(t)$ and $m_2(t)$ of one-sided bandwidth of $W_1=3\text{KHz}$ and $W_2=4\text{KHz}$, respectively, and take $f_c=31\text{KHz}$.
 - (a) Find the minimum band-pass sampling rate $f_s=1/T_s$ that gives un-aliased samples of the two signals.
 - (b) Assuming that the spectrum of $m_1(t)$ has a “triangular” shape between -3KHz to $+3\text{KHz}$, make a labeled, rough sketch of the spectrum of the samples $m_1(kT_s)$ between -40KHz and $+40\text{KHz}$.
5. A dozen DSB-SC signals of one-sided (low-pass) bandwidth $W = 4\text{MHz}$ (including a “guard-band of 0.5MHz) are present between 800MHz and 896MHz , as shown below. Describe the operations (sampling, rate-conversion, filtering) that you need to do to recover Nyquist rate samples of the 7th DSB-SC signal (i.e., the signal present between 848MHz and 856MHz).



6. In the question above, if the dozen signals were QCM, how does your answer change?

7. A real low-pass signal $s(t)$ of one-sided bandwidth $W=4\text{MHz}$ is sent as an upper-sideband only single-side band (SSB-SC) signal with magnitude spectrum as shown below. The receiver uses bandpass sampling.



(a) Determine the least sampling rate $f_s = 1/T_s$ required in MHz.

(b) Make a neat plot of the magnitude spectrum $|S'(f)|$ of the sampled sequence $s(kT_s)$ between 24MHz and -24MHz.

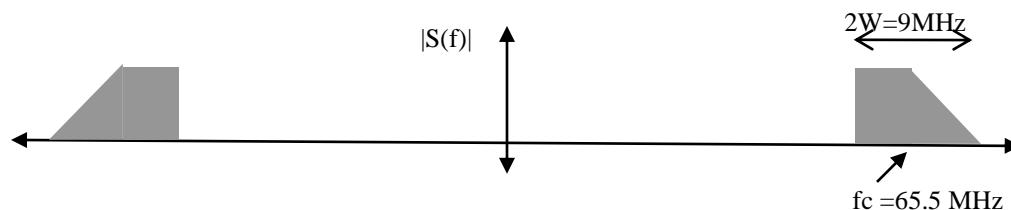
8. A real bandpass QCM signal $s(t) = m_1(t)\text{Cos}(2\pi f_c t) + m_2(t)\text{Sin}(2\pi f_c t)$ with carrier frequency $f_c=200\text{KHz}$ has the two message signals $m_1(t)$ and $m_2(t)$ of one-sided bandwidth of $W=5\text{KHz}$ each. Let $S(f)$, $M_1(f)$, and $M_2(f)$ denote the (**complex**) Fourier transforms of $s(t)$, $m_1(t)$ and $m_2(t)$, respectively. Given $M_1(f=2\text{KHz}) = a + jb$ and $M_2(f=2\text{KHz}) = c + jd$ where $j = \text{sqrt}(-1)$, determine the following in terms of a , b , c , and d . The number inside the brackets can be assumed to be in KHz.

(a) $M_1(-2)$ and $M_2(-2)$

(b) $S(202)$ and $S(198)$

(c) $S(-198)$

9. Consider a different QCM signal with magnitude response as below. *Note:* From the information given below, note that both the low-pass message signals have one-sided bandwidth of 4.5MHz each.



(a) Find the least possible band-pass sampling rate f_s for this choice of f_c .

(b) If you were allowed to modify (or design) the carrier frequency between 65MHz and 70MHz given these message signals, what would you choose as f_c to minimize the band-pass sampling rate? Justify your answer.