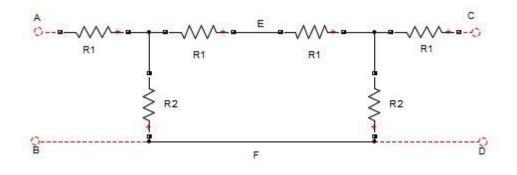
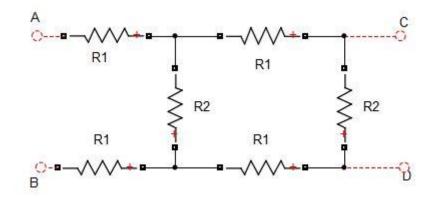
EE1100 @ IIT Palakkad – Basics of Electrical Engineering

KG/IITM	Assignment #1	Aug.20, 2016

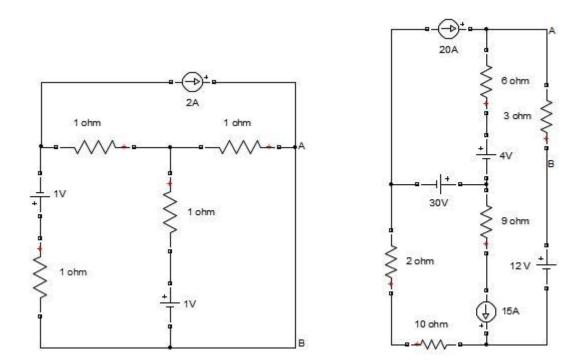
1. In the circuit below, four resistances each of $R1 \Omega$, and two resistances each of $R2 \Omega$, are connected to four terminals *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. A potential difference of *V* is applied across the terminals *AB* and a resistance of $R3 \Omega$ is connected across the terminals *CD*. Find the relationships that must hold among *R*3, *R*1, and *R*2 in order that the potential difference across *EF* is *V*/2.



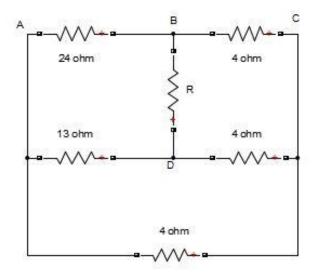
2. In the circuit below, determine the values of R1 and R2 so that the resistance of the circuit as viewed from the points A and B is 500 Ω and also when a voltage of V is applied across AB, the voltage at CD is V/2.



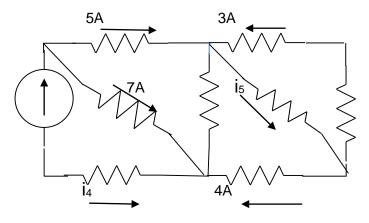
3. Find out current I_{AB} , using mesh analysis in the circuits diagram given below.



4. Calculate the value of the unknown resistance R which will cause a current of 3A to flow in it when a 44V source is connected across terminals A and D.

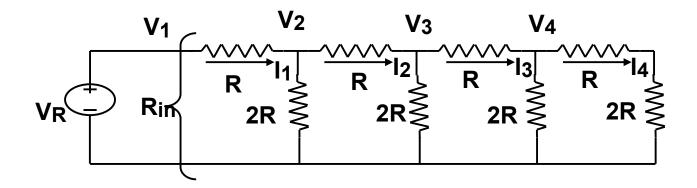


5. Determine the currents i_4 , and i_5 in the following circuit

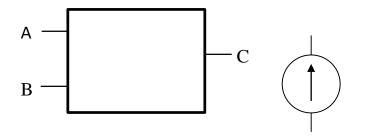


6. Figure below shows a **R & 2R** network that is often used in D-A convertors. Find V₁, V₂, V₃ and V₄ in terms of V_R. What is the equivalent input resistance seen at R ? in

Also find I , I , I and I . 1 2 3 4 $\,$

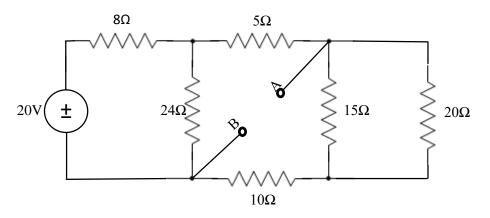


7. You are given a black box with three terminals as shown in fig 3. Box has five 2Ω resistors.

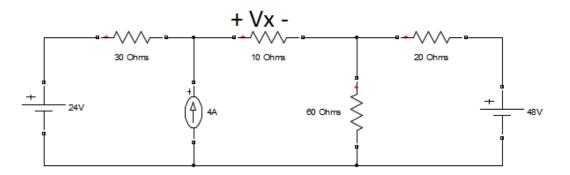


Using ohm-meter we get the following resistance values between the terminals:

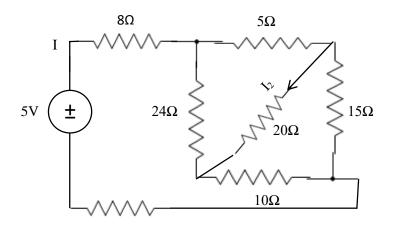
A-B : 3 Ω ; B-C : 6 Ω ; and A-C : 5 Ω . Find the configuration of resistances in the black box.

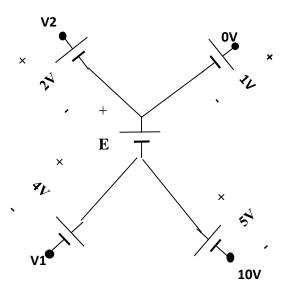


8. (Optional) Find Thevenin voltage and resistance at terminal AB.



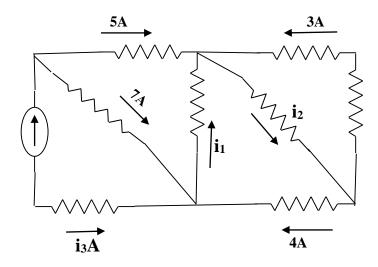
9. In the following circuit, find current I and, then current I_2 .



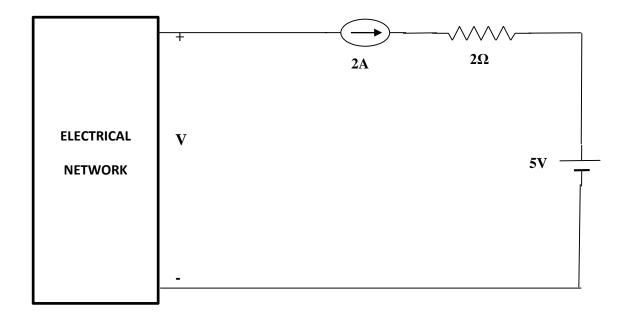


10. In the circuit given below, what are the values of voltage sources E, V1, V2?

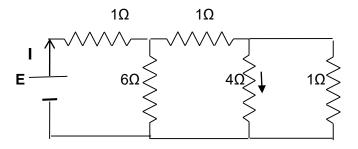
11. What are the currents $i_1,\,i_2\;$ and i_3 in the following circuit?



12. For the following circuit what is the Voltage V? (Current Source is Ideal) (Hint: Is it possible to find out the value of V? If yes what is the value? If not why?)

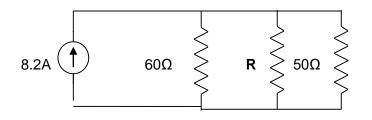


13. Consider the following circuit



If the current through 4Ω resistor is 2A then find **E** and **I** as marked.

14. What value of **R** will ensure that the current through the 60 ohm resistor of the below circuit is exactly 1A?



15. Find the value of **V** in the below circuit.

