## EC 305 : Communication Systems

## Tutorial 1 : Sampling, Quantisation, & Line Coding

- 1. X is a (random) variable with an uniform probability density function (pdf) between the two limits (a,b) specified simply as follows:  $f_X(x) = 1/(b-a)$ , if  $a \le x \le b$ ; else,  $f_X(x) = 0$ . The mean value of X is defined by  $m_X = E[X] = \int_a^b x f_X(x) dx$  and the power or variance is defined by  $\sigma_X^2 = E[(X m_X)^2]$ . Using this, show that the variance of the uniformly distributed X is given by  $\sigma_X^2 = (b-a)^2/12$ .
- 2. Two random variables X and Y are uniformly distributed on the square shown below:



- (a) Find and sketch  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$ .
- (b) If both of them are individually quantised using 4-level uniform quantisers, specify their Peq.
- (c) What is the resulting number of bits per (X,Y) pair?
- (d) Make a neat sketch of the quantization levels in both case (a) and case (b).
- **3.** Optional Question (for the adventurer): For the above joinf pdf, can you construct a non-uniform vector quantiser? Again, this will be based on the Llyod-Max rule, with the difference being that the decision regions are defined by perpendicular bisectors to the line connecting the quantised values. What will be the number of bits/symbol required in this case?

4. A WSS random process has an act given by  $R_X(\tau) = \frac{A^2}{2} e^{-|\tau|} Cos(2\pi f_o \tau)$ . Assume that the random process never

exceeds 6 in magnitude, and that A=6.

- (a) How many uniform quantisation levels are required to provide an SQNR of at least 40dB?
- (b) If we want to increase the minimum SQNR to 60dB, how should the required number of quantisation levels change?
- (c) If  $f_o=1$ MHz, what is the bit rate you will require to send the quantised samples in both of the above cases?
- 5. The psd of a WSS process X(t) is given by

$$S_X(f) = \begin{cases} \frac{f + 5000}{5000}, & -5000 \le f \le 0\\ \frac{-f + 5000}{5000}, & 0 < f \le 5000\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and the maximum amplitude of this process is 6.

- (a) What is the power content of this process?
- (b) If this process is sampled at fs to guarantee a guard band of 2000Hz, then what is fs?
- (c) At this sampling rate, if we use a linear PCM system with 256 levels, what is the resulting SQNR in dB?
- (d) What is the resulting bit rate?
- (e) If we need to increase the SQNR by atleast 25dB, how many levels are required? What is the new bit rate?

- **6.** A source X with a triangular pdf as below is to be quantised to 4 levels:
  - (a) Find  $\alpha$ .
  - (b) Assuming a simple uniform quantiser (the obvious choice being  $a_1=-1$ ,  $\Delta=1$ ), find the pdf of the quantisation error given by  $E=X-X_q$ , where  $X_q$  is the quantised value.
  - (c) What is the SQNR for the uniform 4 level quantiser?
  - (d) Perform 3 iterations for the Llyod-Max non-uniform quantiser, starting with the initial decision regions as defined in part (b). What is the new SQNR?



- 7. Given a 10MHz signal g(t), with power 2watts, it is required to define a L-bit ADC such that signal to (quantization) noise ratio is at least 48 dB. What is the (least) bit-rate required to represent the sampled stream  $g(kT_s)$ ? Assume power is the square of the (peak) voltage.
- 8. Reading: "Digital Telephony 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed." by J.C.Bellamy Sec. 3.1 thro Sec. 3.9 (Skip details in Fig 3.34 and Fig 3.36).
- 9. Problems from "Digital Telephony 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed." by J.C.Bellamy, Chapter 3 (pp.158-160): 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.14, 3.18, and 3.20\*.
- **10.** Consider the following 12 bit sequence: 111010001011 to be sent using rectangular waveforms.
  - (a) Sketch the line codes corresponding to this sequence for : (i) Non-return to Zero (NRZ), (ii) Alternate Mark Inversion (AMI), (iii) Bi-phase Manchester (BPM), (iv) Differential NRZ (D-NRZ), (v) D-BPM, (vi) Coded Mark Inversion (CMI).
  - (b) Specify the line coded bit sequence if the following mapping schemes are used (assume : (i) B3ZS, (ii) B4ZS, (iii) B8ZS, and (iv) Pair Selected Ternary (PST) coding for 2 bits patterns.
- **11.** Reading: "Digital Telephony 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed." by J.C.Bellamy -- pp. 161-188 (Sec. **4.1** thro Sec. **4.3**)